

## NIMBioS Interdisciplinary Seminar

3:30 p.m.\*, Tuesday, February 18, 2014

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## The Evolution of Intelligence

Despite huge metabolic costs of neural tissue, some mammals and birds exhibit relatively large brain:body ratios and relatively sophisticated cognitive abilities. However, it is not clear whether big brains and great intelligence have generally evolved to cope with social complexity, complexity in the physical environment, neither or both. Primatologists have claimed that non-primate animals rarely form aggregations that impose rigorous cognitive demands and that their evolutionary success seldom depends on intelligence. They have therefore concluded that non-primate animals have no need to solve social problems that require knowledge of kinship, rank, or past history of give-and-take, as do many primates. Here I evaluate this assertion in light of recent data from non-primate mammals, focusing in particular on mammalian carnivores. It appears that that there has been remarkable convergence between primates and non-primate mammals with respect to the selection pressures, particularly social complexity, favoring the evolution of intelligence. However, recent data also suggest that the evolution of brains and behavioral flexibility has been considerably less constrained in primates than in mammalian carnivores. Recent work suggests that both social and non-social variables shape brain evolution, as do phylogenetic relationships and recent history.

Location: Tom Hallam Auditorium, Room 206 at NIMBioS, Claxton Education Bldg, 1122 Volunteer Blvd.

\*Join us for refreshments at 3 p.m. in the Auditorium.

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